

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1        1. A fiber amplifier system comprising:  
2            a pulsed laser configured to generate light pulses characterized by a pulse length  $T_{\text{pulse}}$   
3            and a repetition rate;  
4            a fiber amplifier optically coupled to the pulsed laser; and  
5            a nonlinear frequency converting element optically coupled to the fiber amplifier,  
6            wherein the pulse length  $T_{\text{pulse}}$  is less than about 1.7 nsec and sufficiently large that a  
7            frequency bandwidth of the pulses after they emerge from the fiber amplifier is less  
8            than an acceptance bandwidth of the nonlinear frequency converting element;  
9            wherein the repetition rate is sufficiently large that amplified spontaneous emission in  
10          the fiber amplifier between pulses does not extract more than 50% of the total power  
11          from the fiber amplifier.
- 1        2. The fiber amplifier system of claim 1 wherein the repetition rate is greater than about  
2            100 kHz.
- 1        3. The fiber amplifier system of claim 2 wherein the pulse length  $T_{\text{pulse}}$  is greater than  
2            about 100 psec.
- 1        4. The fiber amplifier system of claim 2 wherein the pulsed laser is a passively Q-  
2            switched laser (PQSL).
- 1        5. The fiber amplifier system of claim 4, further comprising a PQSL pump source  
2            optically coupled to the PQSL.
- 1        6. The fiber amplifier system of claim 1, further comprising a fiber pump source  
2            optically coupled to the fiber amplifier.
- 1        7. The fiber amplifier system of claim 1, wherein the fiber amplifier is characterized by  
2            a figure of merit  $z$  that is greater than about 0.1, wherein  $z$  is given by  $z = (0.037) \beta$   
3            (dB/m)  $A_{\text{mode}} (\mu\text{m}^2)$ , where  $\beta$  (dB/m) is the absorption of the fiber amplifier in  
4            dB/meter and  $A_{\text{mode}}$  is the mode area of light to be amplified by the fiber amplifier.

- 1 8. The fiber amplifier system of claim 7 wherein the figure of merit  $z$  is greater than  
2 about 0.5.
- 1 9. The fiber amplifier system of claim 7 wherein the fiber amplifier uses a cladding-  
2 pumped fiber with an air cladding.
- 1 10. The fiber amplifier system of claim 7 wherein the fiber amplifier includes a core of  
2 refractive index  $n_c$ , a depressed cladding of refractive index  $n'$  and an outer cladding  
3 of refractive index  $n_{oc}$ , wherein  $n' < n_{oc} < n_c$ .
- 1 11. The fiber amplifier system of claim 7 wherein the fiber amplifier has a core with an  
2 elliptical cross-section.
- 1 12. The fiber amplifier system of claim 7 wherein the fiber amplifier has a W-shaped  
2 refractive index profile characterized by a core with a refractive index  $n_{core}$  and a  
3 radius  $r_c$ , a tunnel cladding surrounding the core, the tunnel cladding having a  
4 refractive index  $n'$  and a cladding region surrounding the tunnel cladding, the  
5 cladding region having a refractive index  $n_{cl}$ , wherein  $n' < n_{cl} < n_{core}$   
6 wherein the core is a single-mode core characterized by a cutoff V-number  $V_{cl}$  greater  
7 than about 3.0, where  $V_{cl} = \frac{2\pi r_c}{\lambda_{cl}} \sqrt{n_{core}^2 - n_{cl}^2}$ , and where  $\lambda_{cl}$  is a cutoff wavelength for  
8 a second mode of the core.
- 1 13. The fiber amplifier system of claim 1 wherein the fiber amplifier amplifies a primary  
2 signal having a wavelength ranging from about 860 nm to about 1100 nm.
- 1 14. The fiber amplifier system of claim 13 wherein the nonlinear element converts the  
2 primary signal to an output signal having a wavelength ranging from about 430 nm to  
3 about 550 nm.
- 1 15. An image projection system, comprising:  
2 a pulsed laser configured to generate light pulses characterized by a pulse length  $T_{pulse}$   
3 and a repetition rate;  
4 a fiber amplifier optically coupled to the pulsed laser;  
5 a nonlinear frequency converting element optically coupled to the fiber amplifier;  
6 an image generator optically coupled to the nonlinear frequency converting element;

7           and  
8           a scanner optically coupled to the image generator,  
9           wherein the pulse length  $T_{\text{pulse}}$  is less than about 1.7 nsec and sufficiently large that a  
10          frequency bandwidth of the pulses after they emerge from the fiber amplifier is less  
11          than an acceptance bandwidth of the nonlinear frequency converting element;  
12          wherein the repetition rate is sufficiently large that amplified spontaneous emission in  
13          the fiber amplifier between pulses does not extract more than 50% of the total power  
14          from the fiber amplifier.

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- 1          16. The image projection system of claim 15 wherein the pulsed laser is configured to  
2          generate light pulses at a repetition rate of greater than about 100 kHz.
- 1          17. The image projection system of claim 16 wherein the pulse length  $T_{\text{pulse}}$  is greater than  
2          about 100 psec.
- 1          18. The image projection system of claim 16 wherein the pulsed laser is a passively Q-  
2          switched laser (PQSL).
- 1          19. The image projection system of claim 18 further comprising a PQSL pump source  
2          optically coupled to the PQSL.
- 1          20. The image projection system of claim 15 further comprising a fiber pump source  
2          optically coupled to the fiber amplifier.
- 3          21. The image projection system of claim 15 wherein the fiber amplifier is characterized  
4          by a figure of merit  $z$  that is greater than about 0.1, wherein  $z$  is given by  $z = (0.037)$   
5           $\beta \text{ (dB/m)} A_{\text{mode}} \text{ (}\mu\text{m}^2\text{)}$ , where  $\beta \text{ (dB/m)}$  is the absorption of the fiber amplifier in  
6          dB/meter and  $A_{\text{mode}}$  is the mode area of light to be amplified by the fiber amplifier.
- 7          22. The image projection system of claim 21 wherein the figure of merit  $z$  is greater than  
2          about 0.5.
- 1          23. The image projection system of claim 21 wherein the fiber amplifier uses a cladding-  
2          pumped fiber with an air cladding.

- 1        24. The image projection system of claim 21 wherein the fiber amplifier includes a core  
2        of refractive index  $n_c$ , a depressed cladding of refractive index  $n'$  and an outer  
3        cladding of refractive index  $n_{oc}$ , wherein  $n' < n_{oc} < n_c$ .
- 1        25. The image projection system of claim 21 wherein the fiber amplifier has a core with  
2        an elliptical cross-section.
- 1        26. The image projection system of claim 15 wherein the fiber amplifier amplifies a  
2        primary signal having a wavelength ranging from about 860 nm to about 1100 nm.
- 1        27. The image projection system of claim 26 wherein the nonlinear element converts the  
2        primary signal to an output signal having a wavelength ranging from about 430 nm to  
3        about 550 nm.
- 1        28. A light source comprising:  
2        means for generating light pulses characterized by a pulse length  $T_{pulse}$  and a  
3        repetition rate;  
4        means for amplifying the light pulses; and  
5        nonlinear means for frequency converting light pulses that have been amplified by the  
6        amplifying means,  
7        wherein the pulse length  $T_{pulse}$  is less than about 1.7 nsec and sufficiently large that a  
8        frequency bandwidth of the pulses after they emerge from the fiber amplifier is less  
9        than an acceptance bandwidth of the nonlinear frequency converting element;  
10       wherein the repetition rate is sufficiently large that amplified spontaneous emission in  
11       the fiber amplifier between pulses does not extract more than 50% of the total power  
12       from the fiber amplifier.
- 1        29. For an apparatus having a fiber amplifier optically coupled to the pulsed laser; and a  
2        nonlinear frequency converting element optically coupled to the fiber amplifier, a  
3        method for optimizing the fiber amplifier, the method comprising:  
4        determining a conversion efficiency  $\delta(p)$  of the nonlinear frequency converting  
5        element as a function of a peak power of an input signal coupled into the fiber  
6        amplifier;  
7        calculating an average power of output radiation  $B(z, p)$  from the nonlinear frequency  
8        converting element as a function of the peak power  $p$  and a figure of merit  $z$ , where

9  $z=(0.037)\beta A_{\text{mode}}$ , where  $\beta$  is a rate of absorption of pump radiation by the fiber  
 10 amplifier in dB/m, and  $A_{\text{mode}}$  is a mode area of radiation to be amplified by the fiber  
 11 amplifier in  $\mu\text{m}^2$ , and where  
 12  $B(z,p) = \delta(p)\varepsilon P \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{z}{p}} \right)$ , where  $\varepsilon$  is a conversion efficiency of the fiber amplifier,  $P$   
 13 is an average power of a pump radiation coupled into the fiber amplifier;  
 14 determining one or more best values  $p_0$  of the peak power  $p$  for one or more  
 15 corresponding values of  $z$  by solving  $\frac{\partial B(z,p)}{\partial p} \Big|_{p_0} = 0$  ;  
 16 substituting the best values  $p_0$  into  $B(z,p)$  to determine one or more best values  
 17  $B_{\text{best}}(z)$  of the average power of the output radiation from the nonlinear frequency  
 18 converting element as a function of the figure of merit  $z$   
 19 determining a desired value  $B_d$  of the average power of output radiation from the  
 20 nonlinear frequency converting element from requirements of an application for  
 21 which the apparatus is to be used;  
 22 from  $B_d$  and the one or more values of  $B_{\text{best}}(z)$  determining a minimum value  $z_{\text{min}}$  of  
 23 the figure of merit for the fiber; and  
 24 from  $z_{\text{min}}$  selecting a fiber amplifier characterized by values of  $\beta$  and  $A_{\text{mode}}$  such that  
 25 for the fiber amplifier  $z$  is greater than or equal to  $z_{\text{min}}$ .